



Air Drill SAF	E WORK METHOD STATE	MENT (SWMS)	
	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Air Drill		
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E il:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROX 0 BY	THE PC. 'OF TP' ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undo	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	apliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS & MS MY HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND C THIS SWMS	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in account with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continued hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, quately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			





CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	\square is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\square is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective		Administrative Change the work. PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Electrical hazards, Trip and fall hazards	2M	- Conduct a thorough risk assessment of the Lorik area to identify potential hazards and implement appropriate control measures before commonicing any to a control measures before commonicing any to a control measures. - Insure that all workers involved in the use on the same received adequate training, are familiar with the equipment, and understand the associated in a sand control measures. - Inspect and test all electrican duipment, cords, an according according to use to ensure they are in good working condition and fine from feets. - Make use of a copriate assonate of ective enterent (PPE), such as safety boots, gloves, goggles, or earplugs, as a duired, to mainse this is known any from electrical hazards, falling objects, or other potential haza. - Clears work as on any unnecessary equipment, debris, or other trip hazards before beginning the task. - Use high-validity makings (e.g., tape, cones) to designate hazardous areas or zones where air drilling is taking lace merting workers and pedestrians to the potential risk. - In a clinitary with a control of the air drill neatly organised and secured to minimise trip and fall has on This can be achieved using cable protectors or hooks to keep them off the ground. - applement a lockout/tagout system for the air drill when it is not in use or during maintenance to prevent as idential start-up or electrical shock incidents. - Check for any overhead or underground utilities (e.g., power lines, gas pipes) before drilling to prevent accidental contact and related incidents. - Set up proper lighting around the work area to avoid shadows and ensure that all workers can see clearly while using the air drill. - Develop an emergency response plan detailing actions to be taken in case of accidents or incidents involving the air drill and communicate this plan to all workers involved. - Assign a designated person to monitor the work area and ensure compliance with established safety regulations and procedures throughout the project.	1L
2. Equipment setup	Manual handling injuries, Noise exposure	ЗН	 Conduct a pre-start safety briefing for all workers involved in equipment setup, discussing the identified hazards and control measures. Provide workers with proper training on safe manual handling techniques to avoid musculoskeletal injuries during equipment transportation and setting up. Use mechanical aids such as trolleys or lifting equipment, where possible, to reduce the need for manual handling of heavy equipment components. 	1L



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			- Implement a safe work method statement that incorporates correct lifting techniques, body postures, and proper equipment handling procedures.	
			- Apply safe ergonomic principles in the workplace pout and design to minimise manual handling risks and facilitate efficient movement during equipment setup.	
			- Ensure the air drill and all related compole its are well intained and inspected regularly to ensure optimal performance, reducing the risk of non-related success.	
			- Encourage workers to take sufficient breaks an extract tasks, where possible, to allow recovery time for muscles and reduce the risk strain injuries assumed with petitive manual handling activities.	
			- Institute a clear communication rotocol among team on bers, including verbal signals and hand gestures for coordinates on rigging operations.	
			- Provide an candate the e of as priate a sonal protective equipment (PPE), such as gloves, safety footwer, and hear protection bes, to mitigate risks associated with manual handling and noise a posure.	
			- Com to ate en energy protocols and first aid procedures to workers, ensuring the availability and access tility of first at kits and trained personnel on site.	
			- Set up xclus in zone around the work area, using signage and barricades, to restrict access to author ed in duals and minimise the risk of potential injuries.	
			- Estatist ongoing monitoring processes to continually assess and adjust manual handling practices, odating a assessments, and addressing any emerging issues as needed.	
			- ntinuously monitor noise levels at the worksite, implementing engineering controls like sound barriers or acoustic enclosures if necessary to protect workers from excessive noise exposure.	
			- Promote a culture of safety awareness and encourage employees to report any hazards, injuries or concerns related to equipment setup and use, fostering an open dialogue for ongoing risk identification and management.	
			- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Ensure all workers wear appropriate PPE, including safety glasses or face shields, gloves, and hearing protection while operating the air drill to protect against flying debris and potential pinch points.	
			- Tool Inspection: Regularly inspect the air drill for any signs of damage or wear that may result in flying debris or pinch points. Repair or replace damaged tools as necessary.	
3. Drilling operation	Flying debris, Hand and finger pinch points	4A	- Secure Work Area: Ensure the workspace is free from loose objects, clutter, or unnecessary equipment that could contribute to flying debris, trip hazards, or other dangers during drilling operation.	2M
			- Proper Drill Bit Selection: Choose the correct size and type of drill bit for the specific material being drilled, which can reduce the risk of flying debris and improve overall job efficiency.	
			- Drill Guards: Where possible, use appropriate drill guards to help contain any debris and prevent it from becoming airborne during drilling operations.	
			- Drill Press use: When applicable, utilise a drill press to provide increased stability and control during drilling operations, reducing the chance of hand or finger injuries.	



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			- Operator Training: Ensure all workers using the air drill are properly trained on its safe operation, including appropriate techniques for handling and positioning the tool to avoid pinch points and flying debris risks.	
			- Communication: Develop clear communication votocols between workers to coordinate drilling activities and alert others to potential hazards and clauses in work conditions.	
			- Two-Hand Operation: Encourage the use on the harms when operating an air drill, promoting better control and reducing the likelihood of pinching or hands.	
			- Workspace Ergonomics: An age workstations a support werials in a way that promotes comfortable and efficient body mechanics, being to minimise in two to hands and fingers during drilling.	
			- Emergency Preparation Develop and maintain emergency response procedures in case of injuries or accidents relation odrilling peratic including access to first aid and medical resources.	
			- Periodic Rev. vs: Regulary review and the Safe Work Method Statement (SWMS) for air drilling to enter longous safety and hazard avaireness, as well as incorporate new best practices or technic and statement (SWMS) for air drilling to enter longous safety and hazard avaireness, as well as incorporate new best practices or technical as the control of the safety of	
4. Material Handling	Dust exposure, Lifting injuries	2M		1L



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5. Tool Changes	Machinery entangment, Function	ЗН		1L

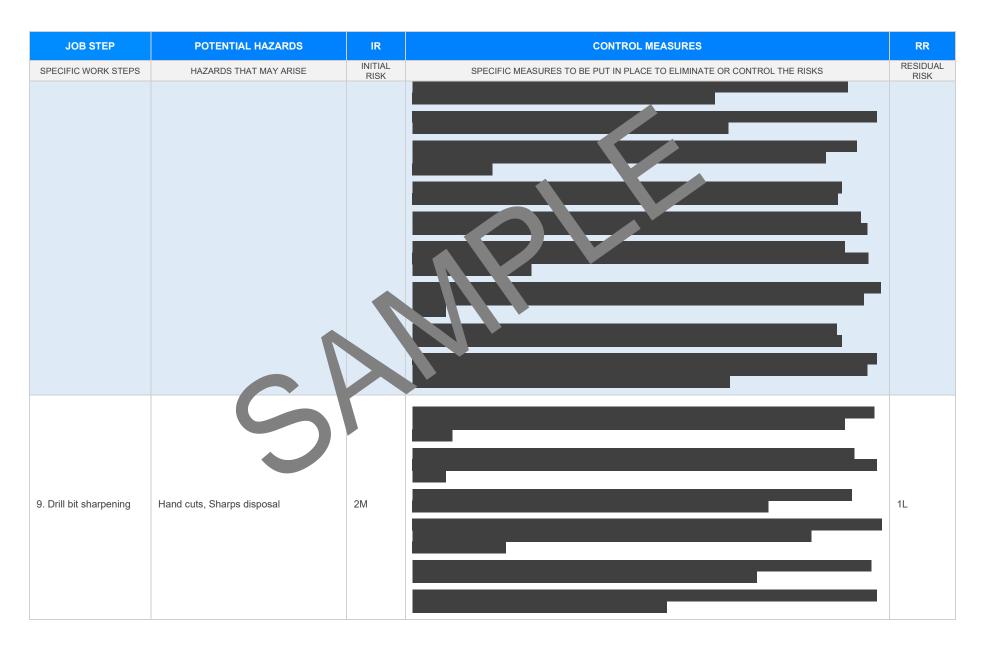


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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
6. Equipment inspection	Unexpected energization, Pinch point	M		1L
7. Housekeeping	Falling objects, Overflowing waste	3H		1L

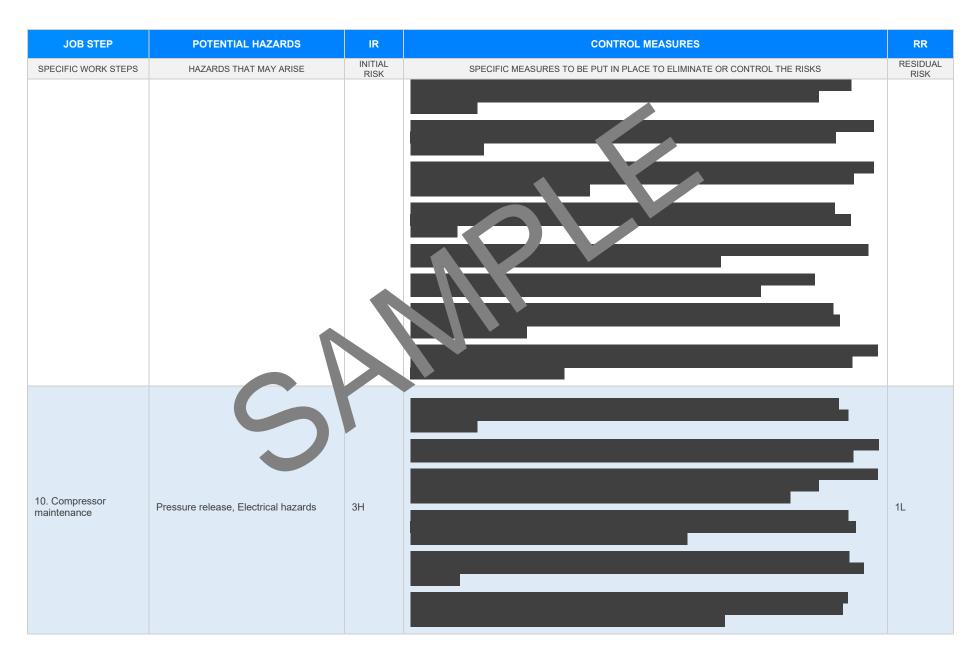


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8. Machine lubrication	Slippery surfaces, Chemical spills	2M		1 L











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				I
11. Troubleshooting	Contact with moving part Strain injuries	2M		1 L



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		, were		I description
12. Breakdown & Storage	Manual handling injuries, Tripping hazards	2M		TL



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK





EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.ssafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

tes of actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							





SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
		•
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selective selective.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the property of the important of measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETE	ED