

Transport A	nd Erection Of Girders Risk	Assessment	
Business Name:		ABN:	
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	Emai	
THIS RISK ASSESSI	MENT IS APPROVED BY THE PCI	BU ON Y PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a is prepared before the proposed work starts.	person conducting a busine or un	ndertaking PCBU required to ensu	ire that a RISK ASSESSMENT
Full Name:			
Signature:		ritle:	Date:
CL		DETAILS	
Client:		SCOPE OF	WORKS
Project Name:			
Project Address:			
Project Manager:			
Contact Phone:			
Date Risk Assessment supplied to Project N.			



RISK MATRIX							
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE MA	IOR CATASTROPHIC			HIERARCHY OF CONTROLS
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE ACU		SCORE	ACTION	Elimination Remove the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 A HIGH ACI		4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCEED	Substitution Replace the hazard. Isolation
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE		ACUTE	3H HIGH	Rev before work art	Isolate People from the hazard Engineering Isolate the
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE HI		MC RATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Activation Istrativ e Chang
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE		1L LOW	Monitor and keep records.	PP
Risk Rating & Required Action: 4A Stop work. The risk is intolerable, cominate the hazard predesign the activity before proceeding. A Safe Work Method Statement (SWMS) or hit er-level authorisatic is required. 3H Review and approve additional corrols in concertask parts. Senior supervisor sign-off needed. 2M Ensure all nominated controls are in prace and efficiency of roceed with caution; monitor conditions. 1L Proceed, following standard operating procedures Monitor and keep records. Consequence Scale:						Notes on Hierarchy of Controls: Remember to apply controls in the preferred order shown by the coloured pyramid: 1. Eliminate 2. Substitute 3. Isolate 4. Engineering 5. Administrative 6. PPE	
Consequence		injury/illness)	Project / Ass	Significant regulato	ance / Reputat		Always document why a lower-order control is accepted if
Catastrophic Major	Fatality or perma Serious injury/illr days)			Improvement notice			elimination or substitution is not reasonably practicable. aligned with Safe Work Australia's Managing the risk of fatigue at
Moderate	Medical-treatmen	nt injury; lost-tim	e > 1 moderate dela	y Minor breach; adve	Minor breach; adverse client comment		work (2023) and ISO 45001:2018 clauses 6–8.
M	First-aid only, no	lost time	negligible dela	y Isolated non-confor	mance		
Minor					Deviation caught and corrected on site		



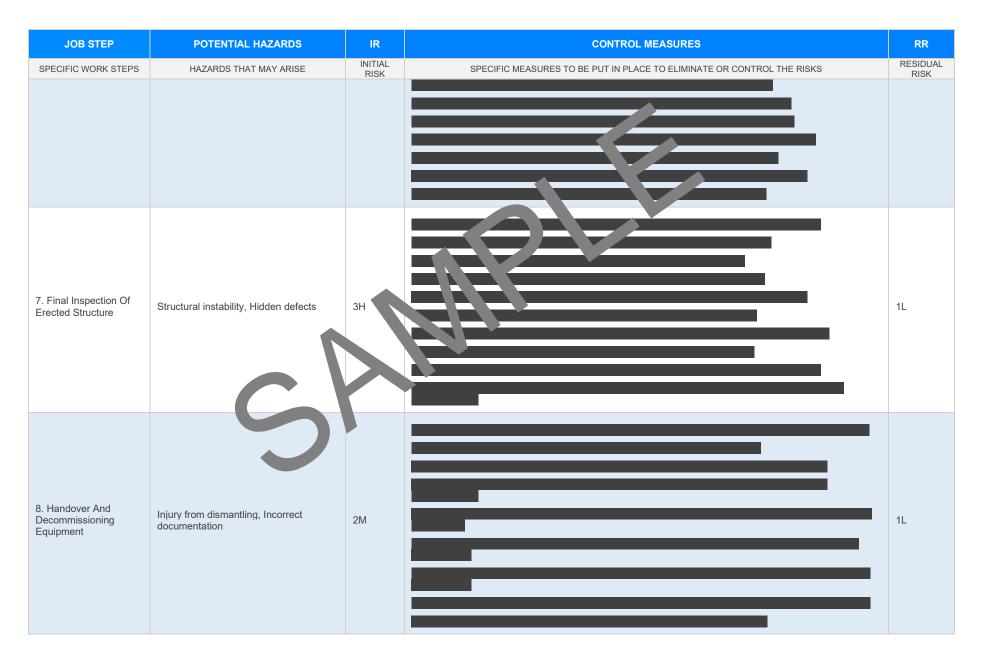
JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Manual handling injuries, Slips, trips and falls	ЗН	 Conduct a site walk-through to identify potential hands. Train all personnel on safe lifting techniques to the use of personal protective equipment (PPE). Clear work area of any debris or potential to hazards. Ensure adequate lighting is provided through to the work area. Use mechanical aids where cossible to reduce to nual handbooks. Mark clearly designated walk to paths with high-varbilities. Inspect all tools for equipment to fore use for any signs of damage. Provide appropriate PPE and ensure it is wravat all times. Schneile region breating prevent factore. Ensure another prevent factore. Ensure another prevent factore. 	2М
2. Delivery Of Girders To Site	Traffic incidents, Unloans and units		 Condult a prodeliver priefing with all delivery personnel. Sign devery rouges to avoid high traffic areas during peak times. Use consided personnel to guide vehicles on-site. Inspect delivery vehicles to ensure they are in good working order. Only use certified lifting equipment for unloading girders. Secure the unloading area to prevent unauthorised access. Provide traffic management controls where necessary including signage and barriers. Keep radios or communication devices for coordination among team members. Use flaggers to control traffic flow on site as needed. 	2М
3. Storage Of Girders On-Site	Collapse of stacks, Struck-by hazards	ЗН	 Follow manufacturer's guidelines for storage of girders. Store girders on a level and stable surface. Ensure girders are stacked no higher than is recommended. Secure stacks with straps or appropriate stabilising methods. Clearly mark the storage area with hazard signage. Restrict access to storage areas to authorised personnel only. Conduct regular inspections of stored girders for signs of instability. Place girders in manners that accommodate safe handling during erection. 	1L



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			- Use forklifts or cranes operated by qualified staff to move girders when needed.	
			- Train staff on emergency procedures in case of stack failure.	
4. Pre-Erection Inspection	Faulty equipment, Incorrect setup	ЗН		2M
5. Erection Of Girders	Crane operation incidents Falling objects	4A		2M
6. Securing And Bolting Girders	Falling from heights, Overtightening bolts	4A		2М

Version 2.5

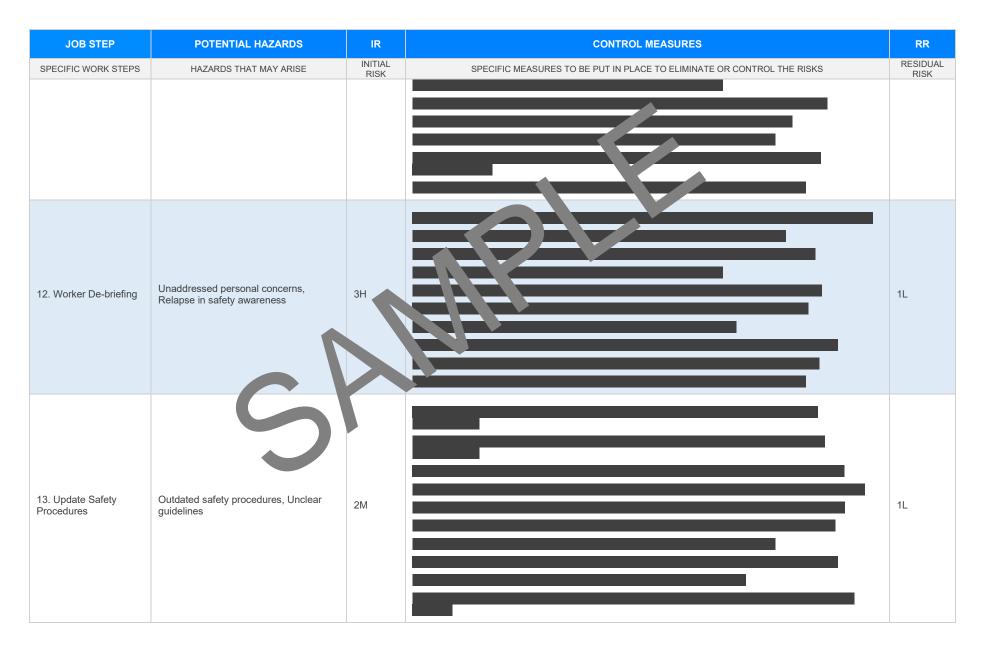






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9. Site Clean-Up	Exposed sharp objects, Chemical exposure	ЗН		1L
10. Post-Erection Evaluation	Missed defects, Safety non-compliance	2М		1L
11. Review Of Safety Documentation	Inconsistent record keeping, Loss of compliance	2M		1L







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14. Equipment Maintenance	Equipment malfunction, Improper repairs	ЗН		1L
15. Close-Out Meeting	Lack of project clourre, Unresolved issues	2M		1L



EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE						
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	Victoria Occupational Health at Safety Act and 4 Occupational Health and onfety or gulations 2017 Legistron VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- rulations</u> or des of chactice VIC <u>autps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>					
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>					
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/weicplace-serve-laws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/weicplace-serve-laws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/weicplace-serve-laws</u>	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u>					
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_laces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u> Tasmania	Model Codes of Practice - Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work - Confined spaces - Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals - Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace - Welding processes - First aid in the workplace					
Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: <u>https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</u> Codes of Practice for TAS: <u>https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	 Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination 					
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents.	 More relational safety constitution, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work 					