

Circui	it Board Repairs Risk Asse	ssment	
Business Name:		ABN:	
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	Eme	
THIS RISK ASSESSI	MENT IS APPROVED BY THE PC	BU ON PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a is prepared before the proposed work starts.	person conducting a busine or un	ndertaking PCBU required to ensu	ire that a RISK ASSESSMENT
Full Name:			
Signature:		ritle:	Date:
CL		DETAILS	
Client:		SCOPE OF	WORKS
Project Name:			
Project Address:			
Project Manager:			
Contact Phone:			
Date Risk Assessment supplied to Project N			



RISK MATRIX							
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE MA	JOR CATASTROPH			HIERARCHY OF CONTROLS
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH		4 4 JTE ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION	Elimination Remove the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	4 4 JTE ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCEED	Substitution Replace the hazard. Isolation
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE		4 JTE ACUTE	3H HIGH	Rev before work art	Isolate People from the hazard Engineering Isolate the
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW		3 Z GH ACU E	MC RATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Activité istrativ e Chang
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW		3 GH H. 1	1L LOW	Monitor and keep records.	PP
Risk Rating & Required Action: 4A Stop work. The risk is intolerable, cominate the hazard predesign the activity before proceeding. A Safe Work Method Statement (SWMS) or hit er-level authorisatic is required. 3H Review and approve additional corrols to come task parts. Senior supervisor sign-off needed. 2M Ensure all nominated controls are imprace and efficience with caution; monitor conditions. 1L Proceed, following standard operating procedures wonitor and keep records. Consequence Scale:						Notes on Hierarchy of Controls: Remember to apply controls in the preferred order shown by the coloured pyramid: 1. Eliminate 2. Substitute 3. Isolate 4. Engineering 5. Administrative 6. PPE	
Consequence		injury/illness)	Project / Ass	Significant regula	pliance / Reputat		Always document why a lower-order control is accepted if
Catastrophic Major	Fatality or perma Serious injury/illr days)			elimination or substitution is not reasonably practicable			elimination or substitution is not reasonably practicable. aligned with Safe Work Australia's Managing the risk of fatigue at
Moderate	Medical-treatmen	nt injury; lost-tim	e > 1 moderate dela	y Minor breach; ad	Work (2023) and ISO 45001:2018 clauses 6–8.		
Minor	First-aid only, no	lost time	negligible dela	y Isolated non-con	formance		
Insignificant No injury no schedule impact Deviation caught and corrected on site							



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Electrocution, Slip hazards	ЗН	 Ensure the work area is dry and free from spillages Use insulated tools and wear rubber-soled show. Confirm power to equipment is disconneous before statung. Ensure appropriate lighting is available. Place warning signs to indicate wet floors. Keep walkways clear and color managed to preventrieung. Inspect personal correction equipment (PPE) for damage before use. Conduct simplecific induction for a merson of a constraint. Verifertaining and constraintly for all numbers involved. Have a ust aid hourd trained personnel readily available. 	2M
2. Disconnection of Power Supply	Arc flash, Electrical sh		 Turn dupove at the usin switch before commencing work. Turn dupove at the usin switch before commencing work. Trify assence woltage using appropriate testing equipment. Weature e-retardant clothing and insulated gloves. Tuplement a lockout/tagout procedure to prevent accidental reconnection. Maintain a safe distance from live electrical components. Use non-conductive tools when working near exposed conductors. Confirm all personnel are trained in emergency response procedures. Monitor the environment for any signs of power during the task. Document and communicate power disconnection procedures clearly. Assign a supervisor to oversee compliance with safety measures. 	ЗН
3. Dismantling	Sharp edges, Repetitive strain injury	ЗН	 Provide and use cut-resistant gloves. Keep hands and fingers away from sharp edges during disassembly. Provide appropriate tools to reduce force needed during dismantling. Ensure ergonomically designed tools are used to minimise strain. Allow regular breaks to prevent overuse injuries. Ensure all dismantled components are placed in designated areas. Train workers in correct lifting techniques. Use tools with non-slip grips to enhance control and safety. 	2M



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			- Rotate tasks where possible to vary physical demands.	
			- Conduct regular inspections of tools for sharpness and integrity.	
4. Inspection of Components	Chemical exposure, Eye strain	ЗН		2М
5. Cleaning of Components	Chemical burns, I malation of fumes	ЗН		1L
6. Repair of Circuit Board	Solder burns, Toxic fumes	4A		ЗН



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7. Testing of Repairs	Electrical shock, Equipment failure	4A		2M
8. Reassembly	Misalignment, Hand injuries	ЗН		1L
9. Final Testing	System failure, Overheating	4A		2М



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10. Documentation and Sign-off	Record inaccuracies, Inadequate review	ЗН		1L
11. Clean-up	Waste handling injuries, Trip hazards	ЗН		2М
12. Review of Process	Oversight, Resource misuse	ЗН		1L

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13. Personnel Training	Skill gaps, Insufficient knowledge	ЗН		1L
14. Equipment Maintenance	Equipment failure, Operator injury	4A		2М
15. Emergency Response	Delayed response, Inadequate training	4A		2M



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE						
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	Victoria Octopational Health and Safety Action of Octopational Health and Safety Action of Legistron VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- gulatures</u> Codes of coactice VIC <u>Cuttps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>					
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>					
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplace-serve-laws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplace-serve-laws</u>	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u> Model Codes of Practice					
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	 Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work Confined spaces Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace Welding processes 					
Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	 Weiding processes First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination 					
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work	 Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work 					

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