

| Change | Machine Fittings Risk Ass | essment | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Business Name: | | ABN: | |
| Business Address: | | | |
| Contact Person: | Phone: | Ema* | |
| | | | |
| THIS RISK ASSESSI | MENT IS APPROVED BY THE PCE | BU OF V PROJECT | |
| Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a pis prepared before the proposed work starts. | person conducting a busine or un | dertaking PCBU required to ensu | re that a RISK ASSESSMENT |
| Full Name: | | | |
| Signature: | | ııtle: | Date: |
| | | | |
| CL | OR PRICEIN LCO. TRACTOR D | DETAILS | |
| Client: | | SCOPE OF | WORKS |
| Project Name: | | | |
| Project Address: | | | |
| Project Manager: | | | |
| Contact Phone: | | | |
| Date Risk Assessment supplied to Project Iv. | | | |

Version 2.5 Authorised by Review # Review Date:



RISK MATRIX LIKELIHOOD INSIGNIFICANT MINOR MODERATE MAJOR CATASTROPHIC HIERARCHY OF CONTROLS SCORE ACTION Elimination ALMOST 3 HIGH 3 HIGH 4 4 ACUTE ACUTE ACUTE **CERTAIN** Remove the hazard. Substitution 4 DO NOT Replace the hazard. LIKELY **MODERATE** HIGH HIGH ACUTE ACUTE ACUTE ROCEED Isolation Isolate People from the hazard 2 3 4 3H Rev before POSSIBLE MODERATE ACUTE ACUTE LOW HIGH HIGH. work Engineering Isolate the l/Acchanich. Ensure control 2 3 2M istrativ UNLIKELY measures in LOW LOW MODERATE HIGH ACU RATE е place. Chang 2 MODERATE 3 HIGH 1L Monitor and RARE LOW LOW LOW keep records.

Risk Rating & Required Action:

| 4A | Stop work. The risk is intolerable, minate the hazard predesign the activity before proceeding. A Safe Work |
|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Method Statement (SWMS) or hit er-level authorisation is required. |
| 3H | Review and approve additional controls to the last arts. Senior supervisor sign-off needed. |
| 2M | Ensure all nominated controls are in prace and efficiency roceed with caution; monitor conditions. |
| 1L | Proceed, following standard operating procedures. Monitor and keep records. |

Consequence Scale:

| Consequence | People (injury/illness) | Project / Assets | Compliance / Reputation |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| Catastrophic | Fatality or permanent total disability | project shutdown | Significant regulator intervention; criminal prosecution |
| Major | Serious injury/illness (hospital > 5 days) | critical delay | Improvement notice; major media coverage |
| ivioderate | Medical-treatment injury; lost-time > 1 day | moderate delay | Minor breach; adverse client comment |
| Minor | First-aid only, no lost time | negligible delay | Isolated non-conformance |
| Insignificant | No injury | no schedule impact | Deviation caught and corrected on site |

Notes on Hierarchy of Controls:

Remember to apply controls in the preferred order shown by the coloured pyramid:

- 1. Eliminate
- Substitute
- Isolate
- 4. Engineering
- 5. Administrative
- 6. PPE

Always document **why** a lower-order control is accepted if elimination or substitution is not reasonably practicable.

aligned with Safe Work Australia's Managing the risk of fatigue at work (2023) and ISO 45001:2018 clauses 6–8.



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 1. Preparation | Slippery surfaces, Unsecured tools | 3H | - Ensure all surfaces are dry and clean before starting - Use non-slip mats in the working area - Secure tools in a designated area and insuct regularly any defects - Ensure training on tool usage and safety proceeds and undertaken by all personnel involved in the task - Clear the area of any unnecessary obstructions of ore compressing work - Display appropriate warning senage if surface collections and during the task - Conduct a toolbe stark to eview exards and control measures specific to the task - Wear appropriate non-slip solves. - Implement a conning seedule to many an surfaces regularly - Proves a well-or suised tool storage system | 2M |
| 2. De-energising Machine | Electrical shock, Unexpected machine activation | | - Follow bocker itag-our cocedures to ensure the machine is powered off safely - the voluge test is to confirm de-energisation - Disputable kout details and responsible personnel on the lockout station - regularly inspect lockout/tag-out devices to ensure they are functional and secure - Thain workers in safe electrical practices and the importance of de-energisation - Clear the work area of any conductive materials or liquids that may pose an electrical hazard - Engage a qualified electrician to handle electrical disconnects where needed - Post warning signs indicating the de-energised state - Ensure all power tools used are battery-powered when near the machine - Establish protocols for double-checking machine off status | 2M |
| 3. Removing Existing Fittings | Manual handling injuries, Slips and trips | ЗН | Implement proper manual handling techniques and provide training to all workers Use mechanical aids such as lifting devices where possible Organise the work area to minimise the need for excessive movement Mark clear walkways and keep them free from obstacles Provide anti-fatigue mats where prolonged standing is required Rotate tasks to reduce repetitive strain on workers Ensure adequate lighting in the work area to prevent slips and trips Provide gloves and other personal protective equipment to improve grip and protection | 1L |



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| | | | - Conduct ongoing monitoring during the task to address new hazards | |
| | | | - Place all removed components in designated containers to maintain a clean work area | |
| 4. Installing New Fittings | Inadequate fitment leading to operational failure, Pinching hazards | ЗН | | 2M |
| 5. Testing New Fittings | Operational failure, Noise Caracter | ЗН | | I 1L |
| 6. Final Inspection | Falling objects, Incorrect fitment | 2M | | 1L |



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| 7. Securing Work Area | Accidental activation residuar debris hazards | зн | | 1L |
| 8. Documentation | Record retention failure, Incorrect documentation | 2M | | 1L |



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| 9. Review of Work Process | Inadequate hazard identification, Overlooking established protocols | 2M | | 1L |
| 10. Continuous Improvement | Process stagnation, Lack of innovation | 2M | | 1 L |
| 11. Worker Training | Inadequate knowledge, Wrong handling of equipment | 3H | | 1L |



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| 12. Incident Reporting | Unreported incidents, leave the follow up actions | | | 1L |
| 13. Equipment Maintenance | Malfunction due to wear and tear, Inadequate inspection | ЗН | | 2M |



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| 14. Communication | Miscommunication, Lack of feedback | 2M | | I 1L |
| 15. Emergency Preparedness | Unpreparedness for emergencies, Delayed response | 4A | | 2M |
| | | | | |



EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health at Safety Act 34

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.ksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

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des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work